

CONTINUIDAD Y DERIVABILIDAD EN R2

• CONTINUIDAD en (x_0, y_0) : $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (x_0, y_0)} f(x, y) = f(x_0, y_0)$

• LÍMITES en (x_0, y_0) : $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (x_0, y_0)} f(x, y) = L$

➤ ITERADOS: $\begin{cases} \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \lim_{y \rightarrow y_0} f(x, y) = a \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \lim_{y \rightarrow y_0} f(x, y) = b \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a = b = L \text{ candidato} \\ a \neq b \Rightarrow \nexists L \end{cases}$

➤ RECTAS: $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (x_0, y_0)} f(x, y) = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x, m(x - x_0) + y_0) = \begin{cases} g(m) \Rightarrow \nexists L \\ L \Rightarrow \text{candidato} \end{cases}$
 $y = m(x - x_0) + y_0$

▪ REDUCCION a (0,0): $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (x_0, y_0)} f(x, y) = \lim_{(x', y') \rightarrow (0,0)} f(x, y)$

$\begin{cases} x = x' + x_0 \\ y = y' + y_0 \end{cases}$

➤ TRAYECTORIAS: $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} f(x, y) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x, mx^n) = \begin{cases} g(m) \Rightarrow \nexists L \\ L \Rightarrow \text{candidato} \end{cases}$
 $y = mx^n$

$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} f(x, y) = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} f(my^n, y) = \begin{cases} g(m) \Rightarrow \nexists L \\ L \Rightarrow \text{candidato} \end{cases}$
 $x = my^n$

➤ POLARES: $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} f(x, y) = \lim_{r \rightarrow 0} f(r \sin \alpha, r \cos \alpha) = g(\alpha) \Rightarrow \nexists L$

$\begin{cases} x = r \sin \alpha \\ y = r \cos \alpha \end{cases}$

✓ DEFINICIÓN:
 $\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists \delta > 0 \mid 0 < |(x, y) - (x_0, y_0)| < \delta \Rightarrow |f(x, y) - L| < \varepsilon$

✓ MAYORANTE: $|f(r \sin \alpha, r \cos \alpha) - L| \leq g(r) \rightarrow 0$

• DERIVADAS PARCIALES en (x_0, y_0) :

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x_0, y_0) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_0 + h, y_0) - f(x_0, y_0)}{h}$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x_0, y_0) = \lim_{k \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_0, y_0 + k) - f(x_0, y_0)}{k}$

• GRADIENTE en (x_0, y_0) :

$\nabla f(x_0, y_0) = \left(\frac{\partial f(x_0, y_0)}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f(x_0, y_0)}{\partial y} \right)$

*dirección máxima variación
dirección pendiente máxima*

➤ PLANO TANGENTE en (x_0, y_0) :

$z - f(x_0, y_0) = \frac{\partial f(x_0, y_0)}{\partial x}(x - x_0) + \frac{\partial f(x_0, y_0)}{\partial y}(y - y_0)$

• DERIVADAS DIRECCIONAL en (x_0, y_0) a lo largo de (v_1, v_2) :

$D_{(v_1, v_2)} f(x_0, y_0) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_0 + hv_1, y_0 + hv_2) - f(x_0, y_0)}{h}$

✓ *f diferenciable* $\Rightarrow D_{(v_1, v_2)} f(x_0, y_0) = v_1 \frac{\partial f(x_0, y_0)}{\partial x} + v_2 \frac{\partial f(x_0, y_0)}{\partial y}$

• DIFERENCIABILIDAD en (x_0, y_0) :

$\lim_{(h,k) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{f(x_0 + h, y_0 + k) - f(x_0, y_0) - \frac{\partial f(x_0, y_0)}{\partial x} h - \frac{\partial f(x_0, y_0)}{\partial y} k}{\sqrt{h^2 + k^2}} = 0$

➤ RELACIONES NOTABLES:

✓ *f diferenciable en (x_0, y_0)* \nRightarrow *f continua en (x_0, y_0)*

✓ *f diferenciable en (x_0, y_0)* \nRightarrow $\exists D_{\vec{v}} f(x_0, y_0) \forall \vec{v} \in \mathbb{R}$

✓ *f diferenciable en (x_0, y_0)* \nRightarrow $\exists \frac{\partial f(x_0, y_0)}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f(x_0, y_0)}{\partial y}$

✓ *f continua en (x_0, y_0)* \nRightarrow *f diferenciable en (x_0, y_0)*

✓ $\frac{\partial f(x_0, y_0)}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f(x_0, y_0)}{\partial y}$ continuas \nRightarrow *f diferenciable en (x_0, y_0)*

NO EXISTENCIA

EXISTENCIA